INFINITE PROGRESS
INFINITE HAPPINESS

TATA TRUSTS
A HERITAGE OF PROGRESS

JN Tata Endowment Fund
1892

Earliest Tatas

SIR Ratan Tata Trust
1919

SIR Dorabji Tata Trust
1932

J. R. D. Tata Trust
1944

Navajbai Ratan Tata Trust
1974

Jamsetji Tata Trust
1974

Tata Education and Development Trust
2008

Pioneering Tatas

Navajbai Ratan Tata Trust
1974

Tata Education and Development Trust
2008

National Centre for the Performing Arts
1990

JRD & Thelma J Tata Trust
1991

Tata Institute of Fundamental Research
1945

Tata Memorial Centre
1941

Tata Institute of Social Sciences
1936

Lady Meherbai D Tata Education Trust
1931

Tata Institute of Advanced Studies
1928

Tata Institute of Science
1911

Empress Mill
1874

SIR Ratan Tata Institute
1912

SIR Ratan Tata Department at LSE
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Indian Institute of Science
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Tata Institute of Science
1911

Empress Mill
1874
“What advances a nation or a community is not so much to prop up its weakest and most helpless members, but to lift up the best and the most gifted, so as to make them of the greatest service to the country.”

JAMSETJI TATA
Sustainable Development Goal 3 aims at addressing persistent and emerging health issues by focusing on providing more efficient funding of health systems and increased access to physicians and services for improved physical and mental well-being.

**PRIMARY SDG IMPACTED**
Ensuring healthy living and promoting well-being for all, across all ages

**OTHER SDGS IMPACTED**
- 8 Decent Work and Economic Growth
- 9 Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure
- 10 Reduced Inequalities
- 11 Sustainable Cities and Communities
- 17 Partnerships for the Goals
OPPORTUNITIES FOR CHANGE

Ensuring healthcare access for all

Availability of 0.7 beds per 1,000 people in India, reported by World Bank in 2011

India has a ratio of 0.7 doctors and 1.5 nurses per 1,000 people (World Bank)

80% of healthcare conditions can be addressed at the primary stage

THE HAPPINESS SPREAD**

- **Individuals Impacted**: 4.3mn
- **States Covered**: 23
- **Districts Covered**: 379
- **Households Impacted**: 1.3mn
- **Beneficiary Outreach**: 6.24mn
- **Self-help Groups**: 3,200

**AS ON 31ST DECEMBER 2018**
KEY HAPPINESS INITIATIVES

Communicable Diseases
Focusing on TB, malaria and acute encephalitis syndrome

Cancer Care
Working across the entire life-cycle spectrum of a person affected by cancer

Elderly Care
Creating an empathetic ecosystem, while serving the relevant needs of the elderly in India

Mental Health
Providing critical momentum to mental health action in our country and reducing the burden of mental illness

Health Systems Strengthening
Strengthening existing healthcare systems and facilitating evidence-based decision-making

Non-Communicable Diseases
Focusing on early screening, diagnosis and referral management for hypertension, diabetes and oral, breast and cervical cancer

Reproductive, Maternal, Neonatal, Child and Adolescent Healthcare (RMNCHA+)
Training ASHAs and ANMs in identifying and treating high-risk pregnancies and identifying and resolving infrastructural gaps in MNCH facilities
Sustainable Development Goal 2 aims at eliminating hunger by ensuring that all people have access to safe, sufficient and nutritious food and achieving food security by growing agricultural yields.

**PRIMARY SDG IMPACTED**
Ending hunger, achieving food security, improving nutrition and promoting sustainable agriculture

**OTHER SDGS IMPACTED**
8 Decent Work and Economic Growth
OPPORTUNITIES FOR CHANGE

Helping the country fight against malnutrition

In India, 59% of children and 50% of pregnant women are anaemic, according to NFHS 4 report.

5% of the population in 337 districts in India have iodine deficiency disorders.

THE HAPPINESS SPREAD**

- Individuals Impacted: 100mn
- Schools Impacted: 54
- Districts Covered: 270
- Households Impacted: 20mn
- Children Impacted: 22,000

**AS ON 31ST DECEMBER 2018
**KEY HAPPINESS INITIATIVES**

**System Strengthening**
Addressing different malnutrition challenges in India through multiple government schemes and programmes

**Fortification**
Working closely with multiple stakeholders to address micronutrient deficiencies and positively impact public health and well-being

**Policy and Advocacy**
Providing support, infrastructure, data, advice and platforms to assess, strategise and make policies that impact nutrition governance and security
Sustainable Development Goal 6 aims at ensuring that everyone has access to safe drinking water as well as adequate water for hygiene and sanitation purposes.

**PRIMARY SDG IMPACTED**
Ensuring availability and sustainable management of water and sanitation for all

**SDG 6 CLEAN WATER AND SANITATION**

**OTHER SDGS IMPACTED**
- **3** Good Health and Well-being
- **11** Sustainable Cities and Communities
- **17** Partnerships for the Goals
600 million people in India do not have access to safe drinking water

34% of Indian states face high levels of water contamination

68% of total households and 82% of rural households in India have no access to treated water

38 million Indians suffer from waterborne diseases annually

Diarrhoea alone kills over 7,000,000 Indians every year, of which, 1,50,000 are children affected by rotavirus

52% of girls are unaware of the biological processes of menstruation

60% of women have no access to menstrual absorbents

**THE HAPPINESS SPREAD**

- States Covered: 14
- Beneficiary Outreach: 30,00,000
- Women Impacted: 2,00,000
- Villages Covered: 5,000

**AS ON 31ST DECEMBER 2018**
KEY HAPPINESS INITIATIVES

Sanitation and Hygiene
Using Social and Behaviour Change Communication (SBCC) for bringing about improved WaSH practices

Water Resource Management
Reviving springs, augmenting rainwater discharge and constructing recharge ponds and pits through springshed management and participation of communities

Integrated Drinking Water Programme
Addressing the challenges of water scarcity and water contamination and containing the risks related to improper sanitation
Sustainable Development Goal 1 aims at ending all forms of poverty through inclusive growth by ensuring social protection, providing access to basic services, especially to the poorest and the most vulnerable.

**PRIMARY SDG IMPACTED**
Ending poverty in all forms everywhere

**OTHER SDGS IMPACTED**
10 REDUCED INEQUALITIES
11 SUSTAINABLE CITIES AND COMMUNITIES
OPPORTUNITIES FOR CHANGE
Developing an equal and empowered society

21.9% of India’s population (approximately 363 million) lived below the poverty line (2011 statistics from Asia Development Bank)

260 million of this account for rural poor

(C Rangarajan Committee Report, 2014)

190 apex-level community institutions
Across 80 projects

THE HAPPINESS SPREAD**

States Covered 21
Districts Covered 157
Villages Covered 8,960
Families Covered 1.02 mn

**AS ON 31ST DECEMBER 2018
KEY HAPPINESS INITIATIVES

Agriculture
Planting the seeds of self-sustained growth and securing the future of countless communities

Water Conservation and Irrigation Management
Improving access to water for both drinking and livelihood purposes

Livestock Development and Fisheries
Augmenting natural resources and developing new income opportunities, promoting local enterprise, creating market linkages and enhancing technology

Crafts
Educating and empowering artisans and weavers towards entrepreneurship and self-employment
Sustainable Development Goal 4 aims at providing quality education for all, in order to empower individuals to access better employment opportunities, realise personal goals and improve their lives.

**PRIMARY SDG IMPACTED**
Ensuring inclusive and equitable quality education and promoting lifelong learning opportunities for all

**OTHER SDGS IMPACTED**
- 5 GENDER EQUALITY
- 8 DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH
- 10 REDUCED INEQUALITIES
OPPORTUNITIES FOR CHANGE

Striving to provide authentic learning for all

Over a quarter of India’s 1.3 billion population are under the age of 14 – approximately 300 million children are of school-going age.

80% of brain development happens during the first 8 years of a child’s life.

The National Achievement Survey 2017, conducted by the National Council of Educational Research and Training (NCERT), which covered 2.5 million students, reported that children find it difficult to solve daily life challenges and are unable to read and comprehend at grade level.

THE HAPPINESS SPREAD**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Learners in 2019</th>
<th>Learners in 2016</th>
<th>Districts Covered</th>
<th>Beneficiary Outreach</th>
<th>States Covered</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>10,00,000</td>
<td>1,80,000</td>
<td>139</td>
<td>35,75,296</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**KEY HAPPINESS INITIATIVES**

**Broadening Access**
Improving access to quality education for children and adolescents in under-served and under-resourced communities.

**Deepening Learning**
Ensuring that educators have access to ever-improving materials and pedagogies to enable them to foster a culture of active learning.

**Strengthening Systems**
Working to bring about systemic change by engaging with state and central authorities to transform the educational system.

**Developing Teachers**
Building teachers as guided communities of practice that can convene and learn from each other to tackle core educational issues.
### SDG 11 SUSTAINABLE CITIES AND COMMUNITIES

Sustainable Development Goal 11 aims at maintaining cities in a way that they continue to provide opportunities for all, with access to basic services, energy, housing, transportation and more.

**PRIMARY SDG IMPACTED**

Making cities and human settlements inclusive, safe, resilient and sustainable

**OTHER SDGS IMPACTED**

- SDG 5 GENDER EQUALITY
- SDG 8 DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH
- SDG 10 REDUCED INEQUALITIES
- SDG 9 INDUSTRY, INNOVATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE
- SDG 17 PARTNERSHIPS FOR THE GOALS

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### SDG 5 GENDER EQUALITY

Sustainable Development Goal 5 aims to end discrimination and violence against women. It includes driving reforms towards achieving equal rights to economic resources and property ownership for women.

**PRIMARY SDG IMPACTED**

Achieving gender equality and empowering all women and girls

**OTHER SDGS IMPACTED**

- SDG 4 QUALITY EDUCATION
- SDG 8 DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH
- SDG 10 REDUCED INEQUALITIES
- SDG 9 INDUSTRY, INNOVATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE
- SDG 17 PARTNERSHIPS FOR THE GOALS
OPPORTUNITIES FOR CHANGE
Tapping into the power of digital literacy and data-intensive planning through last-mile linkage

21.9% of India’s population (approximately 363 million) lived below the poverty line (2011 statistics from Asia Development Bank)

260 million of this account for rural poor (C Rangarajan Committee Report, 2014)

THE HAPPINESS SPREAD**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Households Reached</th>
<th>Individuals Reached</th>
<th>Government Institutions</th>
<th>Volunteered Officers Trained</th>
<th>Direct Beneficiaries (under DELTA)</th>
<th>Administrative Officers Trained</th>
<th>States Covered (including 85 districts)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2.4 lakh+</td>
<td>8 lakh+</td>
<td>16000+</td>
<td>5,600</td>
<td>56,000+</td>
<td>500+</td>
<td>27</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Internet Saathi

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Number of (Internet) Saathis</th>
<th>Villages Covered (Internet Saathi programme outreach)</th>
<th>Women Reached</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>60,000</td>
<td>200,000</td>
<td>20mn</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**AS ON 31ST DECEMBER 2018**
**KEY HAPPINESS INITIATIVES**

**Digital Literacy**
Bridging the information gap and building digital literacy through innovative technologies and approaches in order to enhance the quality of life in rural communities.

**Data-driven Governance**
Strengthening rural and urban decision systems through the use of data and technology, and providing functional and technical support to governments for carrying out data-intensive planning as a means to supplement decision-making.
**SDG 13 CLIMATE ACTION**

Sustainable Development Goal 13 aims at making ambitious plans and taking accelerated action on the mitigation of the impact of climate change and adaptation.

**PRIMARY SDG IMPACTED**

Taking urgent action to combat climate change and its impact

**OTHER SDGS IMPACTED**

17 PARTNERSHIPS FOR THE GOALS

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**SDG 7 AFFORDABLE AND CLEAN ENERGY**

Sustainable Development Goal 7 aims at promoting and adopting cleaner fuels through alternate sources of energy and use of energy-efficient technologies and equipment, in order to reduce pollution and its resultant impact.

**PRIMARY SDG IMPACTED**

Ensuring access to affordable, reliable and sustainable energy for all

**OTHER SDGS IMPACTED**

3 GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING

13 CLIMATE ACTION
OPPORTUNITIES FOR CHANGE
Supporting the cause of climate change and sustainability

India’s long coastlines, inhabited by almost half the population and characterised by rising sea levels, continued reliance on fossil fuels, and dependence on agriculture, makes it increasingly vulnerable to the impact of climate change.

Several pockets in the country do not have access to clean energy and lack affordability of cleaner fuel for cooking.

600 million vulnerable to climate change
20% of India’s emissions are from agriculture and deforestation.

THE HAPPINESS SPREAD**

- Number of clean products: 60,608
- Number of households with access to lighting from renewable sources: 17,868
- Awareness Campaigns: 60,608

**AS ON 31ST DECEMBER 2018
**KEY HAPPINESS INITIATIVES**

**Clean Energy**
Enhancing the scale and reach of clean, affordable energy and the eradication of poverty

**Sustainability**
Conserving species and restoring local ecosystems in forests and wetlands

**Climate Change**
Creating livelihoods and improving the future through technology, capacity-building, data convergence and collaboration with stakeholders
Sustainable Development Goal 10 aims at ensuring inclusion of people at the bottom-most rung of society, through targeted policy and developmental measures carried out consistently to empower them.

**PRIMARY SDG IMPACTED**
Reducing income inequality within and among countries

**OTHER SDGS IMPACTED**

- 1 NO POVERTY
- 8 DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH
## OPPORTUNITIES FOR CHANGE

**Contributing to the development of sport in India**

The UN lists sports as a development tool with a host of beneficial impacts that range from improving health and well-being to providing livelihood opportunities to attracting infrastructure investment for development.

Nelson Mandela summed it up succinctly when he said that **sports can change the world**

### THE HAPPINESS SPREAD**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Beneficiary Outreach</td>
<td>11,715</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Districts Covered</td>
<td>151</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>States &amp; UTs Covered</td>
<td>29</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Beneficiaries Under Football Programme</td>
<td>5,000+</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Children under badminton programme</td>
<td>812</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Trainers under badminton programme</td>
<td>27</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Centres across 8 districts for badminton programme</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**AS ON 31ST DECEMBER 2018**
KEY HAPPINESS INITIATIVES

**Football**
Exploring the dual benefit of raising the standard of Indian football and promoting livelihood opportunities in underdeveloped regions

**Hockey**
Instilling professionalism in grassroots level hockey in India and providing a launchpad to local talent

**Polo**
Master trainers select young girls from Manipur with aptitude and talent to be trained in polo

**Badminton**
Introducing a three-tier pyramid system consisting of grassroots centres, regional development centres and a Centre of Excellence

**Cricket**
Encouraging children from extraordinary circumstances, who show promise in school as well as in playing cricket

**Boxing**
Supporting boxing talent at the Mary Kom Boxing Academy in Imphal, Manipur
Sustainable Development Goal 8 puts job creation and employability at the heart of inclusive economic growth. Initiatives require skill development to address the lack of decent work opportunities and sufficient investment.

**PRIMARY SDG IMPACTED**
Promoting sustained, inclusive and sustainable economic growth, full and productive employment and decent work for all

**OTHER SDGS IMPACTED**

1. **No Poverty**
2. **Quality Education**
3. **Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure**
OPPORTUNITIES FOR CHANGE
Laying emphasis towards a skilled nation

According to CII’s India Skills Report 2018, 62% of India’s 1.3 billion population fall in the working-age group of 15-59 years.

The World Bank estimates that India will add more than 12 million youth between the ages of 15 and 29 to its labour force each year.

The World Bank report also discloses that only 2.3 percent of India’s total workforce have received formal skills training.

THE HAPPINESS SPREAD**

Beneficiary Outreach
4.25 lakh+

Number of state-of-the-art Tata STRIVE Skill Development Centres (TSSDCs)
6

Number of Working people
40+

**AS ON 31ST DECEMBER 2018**
KEY HAPPINESS INITIATIVES

**Skilling in the Formal Sector**
Skilling the youth for employment in industry or entrepreneurship through registered business activity and demand-driven approach

**Skilling in the Informal Sector**
Skilling the youth for informal jobs and entrepreneurship/community enterprises, which are hyper local and may not be under government tax purview or the GST ecosystem

**Ecosystem Strengthening**
Raising standards across the skilling ecosystem through collaboration with other players and supporting professional development of faculty
Sustainable Development Goal 10 aims at ensuring inclusion of people at the bottom-most rung of society, through targeted policy and developmental measures carried out consistently to empower them.

**PRIMARY SDG IMPACTED**
Reducing income inequality within and among countries

**OTHER SDGS IMPACTED**
- NO POVERTY
- DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH
OPPORTUNITIES FOR CHANGE

Interconnecting migration and urbanisation

Close to 68% of the world’s population will live in urban areas by 2050, from current 55%; as estimated by the United Nations.

India’s urban population would grow by an additional 416 million dwellers by 2050.

THE HAPPINESS SPREAD**

- Local Bodies: 100
- Households: 51,000
- Migrant Resource Centres (MRCs): 100+
- Districts Covered across 14 states: 107

**AS ON 31ST DECEMBER 2018
KEY HAPPINESS INITIATIVES

**Migration**
Linking migrants to various social security and financial services, as well as health and sanitation facilities.

**Urban Habitat**
Supporting sustainable habitat solutions to economically weaker urban communities for conducive living and sustainable housing.
Sustainable Development Goal 16 aims at promoting peaceful and inclusive societies where justice is provided to all and the institutions are accountable at all levels.

**SDG 16 PEACE, JUSTICE AND STRONG INSTITUTIONS**

Other SDGs impacted:
- No Poverty
- Decent Work and Economic Growth
- Reduced Inequalities
The unprecedented need for social justice

The root cause for some of the key developmental challenges in the country remains **discrimination based on gender, sexuality, religion, caste and socio-economic background**

Article 15 of the Indian Constitution prohibits the discrimination of any individual by the state on the above grounds

**THE HAPPINESS SPREAD**

- **Persons Impacted** (under the POSCO project in Chandrapur)
  - **22,827**

- **Children rescued from railway stations**
  - **4,000**

- **Grassroots leaders emerged from the fellowships programme**
  - **1,000**

- **Beneficiary Outreach**
  - **4,99,796**

- **Organisations partnered with for project implementation**
  - **28**

**As on 31st December 2018**
KEY HAPPINESS INITIATIVES

Access to Justice
Spearheading social change in the criminal justice and juvenile justice systems in India, by focusing on addressing the needs of the most marginalised sections of society.

Reduced violence towards women and children
Focusing on care and protection, and prevention of violence towards women and children through partnerships with like-minded organisations.

Building leadership and strengthening voices of excluded communities
Supporting fellowships for building leadership in marginalised communities, while promoting inclusion.

Policy, Advocacy and Research
Ensuring that the learnings from interventions influence policy-making so as to realise sustainable and lasting development of the social justice systems in the country.
Sustainable Development Goal 1 aims at ending all forms of poverty through inclusive growth by ensuring social protection, providing access to basic services, especially to the poorest and the most vulnerable.

PRIMARY SDG IMPACTED
Ending poverty in all forms everywhere

OTHER SDGS IMPACTED

10 REDUCED INEQUALITIES
8 DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH
OPPORTUNITIES FOR CHANGE
Creating livelihood opportunities while preserving the past

India’s monuments, museums and historical archives, that are the living repository of the country’s heritage, are decaying mainly on account of ignorance, lack of funds and the expertise needed to conserve them for future generations.

How does one preserve the integrity of India’s rich tradition of the performing arts, while integrating them into present cultural practices?

THE HAPPINESS SPREAD**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Programmes</th>
<th>Direct Beneficiaries</th>
<th>Indirect Beneficiaries</th>
<th>Individuals Trained</th>
<th>Individuals Involved through Engagements</th>
<th>Engagements Designed and Delivered</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>21</td>
<td>1,708</td>
<td>24,49,595</td>
<td>17,712,409</td>
<td>2,42,910</td>
<td>39</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**As on 31st December 2018**
KEY HAPPINESS INITIATIVES

**Performing Arts**
Supporting emerging artistic practices that are under-represented and neglected within the spectrum of theatre, music and dance.

**Art Education**
Supporting newer methodologies of learning and teaching the arts, while focusing on capacity-building and addressing the gap in employment.

**Conservation**
Supporting conservation of built-heritage, art and film with a focus on the training of conservators and on strengthening preservation practices.
The Trusts, along with teams from Group Companies, have been in the forefront in the wake of natural disasters occurring in the country (and neighbouring Nepal). Immediate relief operations have been followed up with long term rehabilitation efforts.
OPPORTUNITIES FOR CHANGE

Turning Disaster Management into Hope Management

According to a UN report, India’s economic loss on account of natural disasters occurring between 1998 and 2017 is the fourth highest in the world, standing $79.5 billion.

The National Disaster Management Authority NDMA reveals that more than 58.6 per cent of the Indian land mass is prone to earthquakes, over 40 million hectares stand the risk of floods and river erosion and almost 5,700 km of the 7,516 km Indian coastline remains susceptible to cyclones and tsunamis.

**AS ON 31ST DECEMBER 2018**
KEY HAPPINESS INITIATIVES

**Uttarakhand Flash Flood Relief, 2013**
Focused on the restoration of livelihoods of 9,049 disaster-affected households in 95 villages through on-farm and off-farm activities.

**Nepal Earthquake 2015 – Relief and Rehabilitation**
Provided close to 1.4 million meals to affected communities; made available 17 shelter camps and helped restore infrastructure.

**Tamil Nadu Flood Relief, 2015**
Supplied 1,00,000 households with drinking water with the help of a Reverse Osmosis plant as well as 1,200 jerry cans.

**South Rajasthan Flood Relief, 2017**
14,824 households were provided minimum 5 days’ stock of chlorine tablets to disinfect water against bacteriological contamination; distributed 3,500 packets of oral rehydration salts (ORS) and 2,542 mosquito repellent coils; supplied 1,40,000 litres of treated water to 10,423 households; treated 4,160 patients at 33 health camps.

**North Gujarat Flood Relief, 2017**
One Tata Response’ to the flood relief operations: Tata Chemicals, Tata Consultancy Services (TCS), Tata Sustainability Group (TSG) and Tata Trusts, reaching 5,000 households across 50 villages.

**Kerala Flood Relief, 2018**
Provided nearly 200,000 litres of safe drinking water to approximately 6,500 households and conducted medical camps and home visits, directly benefitting 1,233 individuals.

**Odisha Fani Cyclone, 2019**
Enabled the supply of over 1,15,000 litres of drinking water across 63 villages and 33 slums.
The Indian Institute of Science, Bengaluru was set up by the Tata Trusts in 1911. Since then, they have set up several other such pioneering centres of
• Learning
• Research and
• Intellectual capital

A crucial component of nation-building activities, these centres of excellence serve as
• Repositories of data and evidence
• Incubators of innovation and talent
• Laboratories of cutting-edge research

They have helped make India a power to reckon with in various fields, particularly medicine, science and education.
**KEY HAPPINESS INITIATIVES**

- **Indian Institute of Science**
  - One of India’s most sought-after centres for research and postgraduate education in science, technology and engineering

- **Tata Centre for Development (TCD) at University of Chicago**
  - A development accelerator that combines implementation, research and training to support ambitious interventions, evaluate new solutions and transmit insights

- **Tata Center at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology**
  - Aligns its research with the centre’s mission, focusing on domains of agriculture, environment, health, energy, water and housing

- **Tata Centre for Technology and Design, IIT-B**
  - Developing and designing technology solutions to take on the unmet needs of resource-constrained communities within India and the world

- **Tata Institute for Genetics and Society - Tata Trusts**
  - Advancing global innovative research in a socially conscious and ethical manner to find solutions to pressing issues
Identifying and assisting needy and meritorious individuals with
• Health expenses
• Education expenses

With a comprehensive, systematic, fair and humane approach.
OPPORTUNITIES FOR CHANGE

Lifting the brightest minds in education and supporting the underprivileged for major health issues

**THE HAPPINESS SPREAD**

- **Education Grants**
  Supporting the research and education needs of people of different age groups, especially from underprivileged backgrounds

- **Medical Grants**
  Providing direct financial assistance to underprivileged patients in Mumbai and those from other locations through network hospitals

**JN Tata scholars produced till date:** 5,500

**Students benefitted:** 3,000+

**AS ON 31ST DECEMBER 2018**
KEY HAPPINESS INITIATIVES

**Education Grants**
Supporting the research and education needs of people in different age groups, especially from underprivileged backgrounds.

**Medical Grants**
Providing direct financial assistance to underprivileged patients in Mumbai - and those from other locations through network hospitals.
INITIATIVE: North East Initiative Development Agency (NEIDA), NABARD, Household Piggery Enterprises

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INITIATIVE: North East Initiative Development Agency (NEIDA), NABARD, Household Piggery Enterprises, ‘Charkha to Market’ programme

INITIATIVE: North East Initiative Development Agency (NEIDA), NABARD, Household Piggery Enterprises, ‘Charkha to Market’ programme

INITIATIVE: Center of Excellence (COE), SELCO Foundation, Center for Microfinance & Livelihood, System of Rice Intensification (SRI)

INITIATIVE: Assam Cancer Care Foundation, Naval Tata Hockey Academy, Center for Microfinance & Livelihood, ‘Charkha to Market’ programme, System of Rice Intensification (SRI)

INITIATIVE: Madrassa Initiative, Integrating Dini and Dunyavi (IDD), Integrated approach to technology in education (ITE)

INITIATIVE: Migrant Resource Centers (MRC), Odisha Liveable Habitat Mission, Antaran ‘Charkha to Market’ programme, System of Rice Intensification (SRI), Lakhpati Kisan initiative, Transforming Rural India (TRI)

INITIATIVE: School and Community-based Quality Improvement Programme (SCQuIP), Women’s Literacy Programme, Lakhpati Kisan initiative, Transforming Rural India (TRI)

INITIATIVE: Center of Excellence (COE), Center for Microfinance & Livelihood

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INITIATIVE: Center of Excellence (COE), SELCO Foundation, Center for Microfinance & Livelihood, System of Rice Intensification (SRI)

INITIATIVE: CLiX, Swachh Bharat Mission (Gramin) North East Initiative Development Agency (NEIDA), NABARD, Household Piggery Enterprises

INITIATIVE: Madrassa Initiative, Integrating Dini and Dunyavi (IDD), Integrated approach to technology in education (ITE)

INITIATIVE: Migrant Resource Centers (MRC), Odisha Liveable Habitat Mission, Antaran ‘Charkha to Market’ programme, System of Rice Intensification (SRI), Lakhpati Kisan initiative, Transforming Rural India (TRI)

INITIATIVE: School and Community-based Quality Improvement Programme (SCQuIP), Women’s Literacy Programme, Lakhpati Kisan initiative, Transforming Rural India (TRI)

INITIATIVE: Center of Excellence (COE), Center for Microfinance & Livelihood

INITIATIVE: Assam Cancer Care Foundation, Naval Tata Hockey Academy, Center for Microfinance & Livelihood, ‘Charkha to Market’ programme

INITIATIVE: Madrassa Initiative, Integrating Dini and Dunyavi (IDD), Integrated approach to technology in education (ITE)

INITIATIVE: Migrant Resource Centers (MRC), Odisha Liveable Habitat Mission, Antaran ‘Charkha to Market’ programme, System of Rice Intensification (SRI), Lakhpati Kisan initiative, Transforming Rural India (TRI)

INITIATIVE: School and Community-based Quality Improvement Programme (SCQuIP), Women’s Literacy Programme, Lakhpati Kisan initiative, Transforming Rural India (TRI)

INITIATIVE: Center of Excellence (COE), Center for Microfinance & Livelihood

INITIATIVE: Assam Cancer Care Foundation, Naval Tata Hockey Academy, Center for Microfinance & Livelihood, ‘Charkha to Market’ programme

INITIATIVE: Madrassa Initiative, Integrating Dini and Dunyavi (IDD), Integrated approach to technology in education (ITE)
PROGRESS IN WEST INDIA

RAJASTHAN

INITIATIVE: mKRISHI, Flood relief, Coastal Salinity Prevention and Mitigation, Lakhpati Kisan initiative

MADHYA PRADESH

INITIATIVE: mKRISHI, Flood relief, Reproductive, Maternal, Neonatal, Child and Adolescent Healthcare, Rural India Initiative

GUJARAT

INITIATIVE: Reproductive, Maternal, Neonatal, Child and Adolescent Healthcare, Rural India Initiative

MAHARASHTRA

INITIATIVE: mKRISHI, Flood relief, Tribal education, TEJAS, Karta initiative, 'Digital Education Guarantee Card' programme, Udaan, Jalyukt Shivar Abhiyan Scheme, Sukhi Balliraja Initiative, Tata Dairy Mission, Lakhpati Kisan Initiative

CHHATTISGARH

INITIATIVE: Rural India Initiative
PROGRESS IN NORTH INDIA

INITIATIVE: Reviving the Green Revolution, Happy Seeder, mKRISHI, Tata Dairy Mission

INITIATIVE: Leh Livelihood Initiative

INITIATIVE: Migrant Resource Centers, Urban Habitat Initiative, Sujalam Sufalam Project, Tata Dairy Mission, Eastern UP Initiative, Women’s Literacy Programme

INITIATIVE: Himmotthan Pariyojana’s WATSAN programme, Mission Pulses Project
INITIATIVE: Digital Nerve Centre, Health Care of the Elderly

TELANGANA

INITIATIVE: Internet Saathi, Social Justice programmes, Cancer treatment in Tirupati, Total Health Ration factory, Village Development plan, Lakhpati Kisan programme

ANDHRA PRADESH

KARNATAKA

INITIATIVE: Kalike Samruddhi Upakarm, Early Childhood Development programme

TAMIL NADU

INITIATIVE: mKrishi, Internet Saathi, Pragatee Foundation,
INFINITE POSSIBILITIES AWAIT...